Basic Education toku in Japan-知·徳·体-









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A day in elementary school (example)



Educational contents 1



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Schools existing within the community

Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology

A day in elementary school (example)

* The following examples are typical ones. There are some differences between schools regarding weekly scheduling, etc.



Educational contents 1

*The Following examples are typical ones, there are some differences between schools and regions.

Japanese Language



Example of 2nd graders

8:10-8:20

8:45-9:30

9:40-10:25

10:45-11:30

11:40-12:25

12:25-13:55

14:00-14:45

14:55-15:40

3

5

6





Physical Education





Aims to develop in children the competencies to maintain and improve their mental and physical health for life, and to realize a rich lifelong sporting life. Specifically, to learn health and various activities such as physical fitness, apparatus gymnastics, track and field, swimming, ball games and expressive activities.

With ICT devices, we discu

(Saijo Elementary School, Higashihiroshima City)

Art and Handicraft



Aims to develop in children the competencies for expressing and appreciating creatively, through creating something on the basis of what has occurred to them when looking at and touching materials, expressing what they have felt or imagined in the form of drawings, paintings, three-dimensional artifacts or other kinds of handicraft, and looking at their own work and works of art. Also, aims to encourage children to enjoy creating something.



Arithmetic

Aims to help children acquire basic and fundamental knowledge and skills regarding numbers, quantities and geometrical figures, and to develop in children the competencies to think and express matters of everyday life with good perspectives and logic.

(Narihira Elementary School, Sumida Ward)

Aims to develop in children the competencies

through specific activities and experiences to

morning glory's growth with my caring

(Fuzoku Nijgata Elementary School attached to Faculty

of Education Niigata University

Morning

Study

Japanese

Language

Music

Physical Education

live full and independent lives.

Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday

Morning Meeting

Recess

Lunch / Lunch break / Cleaning

Living nvironment Japanese Arithmetic Studies Language

Closing Meeting

Japanese Language Arithmetic Language Arithmetic

Art and Physical Handicraft Education

Arithmetic Art and Japanese Japanese Handicraft Language Language

Morning Morning Morning Morning Study Reading

Japanese Physical Japanese Living Language Education Language Studies

Class Schedule

Living

Japanese |

Language

Moral Education

Arithmetic Music

Environmer Studies

Classroom

Activities

Moral education is implemented throughout all educational activities, with the moral education class is the primary period. To develop students' attitude for thinking about moral problems by sincerely addressing values, including when diverse values are in conflict, in a way that is appropriate for the students' stage of development and without pushing any particular set of values.

•5th, 6th grades of elementary school "What are rights and obligations?" Fulfilling obligations while still having rights.



Music



(Kasuga Gakuen Compulsory Education School City)

Living Environment Studies Moral Education

What are the Rights and the **Obligations?**

Each of us has our right and the obligation to live together in our society

Rights

to do or to request other people to do certain things based on the person's will at the person's

The qualification or abilities that allow a person

The things that a person has to do or cannot de

What will happen if someone only claims his/he right unilaterally and does not assume his/her obligations, or if someone is forced to assume only the obligation? Would our life and society fur



Write down what you thought or learned about the rights and the oblig

We all have the right to live in a better society We all have the obligation to make a better society

> Aims to develop in children the competencies for expressing and appreciating creatively, through singing, playing instruments, creating musical pieces and listening to music. Also, aims to encourage children to enjoy music.

(Kouyama Elementary School, Nerima Ward)



Educational contents 2

*The following examples are typical ones. There are some differences between schools and regions.

Example 1 Learning about their relationship with society and the local community



Through experiences gained with the cooperation of the community, children learn about their relationship with society and the local community, such as the Nebuta tradition and culture.

(Example at Uramachi Elementary School, Aomori City)

Classroom activities

With the classroom forming a unit, children undertake activities that improve and enhance their lives in class and school and help address the various challenges that exist for them.

- Examples 1. Make the classroom's organization and decide on the division of duties. Discuss ways to solve issues that arise when implementing the respective duties and put them into practice.
- 2. Deepen understanding on current issues facing students such as lifestyle habits and the
- concerns of adolescence, discuss how they can be solved and solutions to put into practice.
- 3. Discuss ways for self-realization, such as the importance of learning and working, and what future course should be taken, and make decisions.

School events (annual schedule)

Using the entire school or grade as a unit, hands-on activities are conducted to order and change school life, and to help enhance and develop it.

Example 2 Creating a disaster preparedness map





information that was found

By interconnecting the knowledge, skills and so on gained in each subject, the children create a disaster preparedness map based on their own surveys and ideas, and make a presentation of

The Period for Integrated Studies

ntegrated studies are cross-curricular studies in which they develop problem-solving activities

Children can learn to identify and explore problems of society and life by themselves.



Example 3



think about the importance of peace and human rights.

Special Activities ("Tokkatsu")

The period of Special Activities ("Tokkatsu") provides educational activities in which the school and classrooms are considered as "societies"

Through group activities conducted there, independent and practical attitudes are cultivated in children to enable them to build better group life and make better personal selves.

Student council activities

the map. They can learn deeply through such exploratory activities.

Each school decides what subject to be explored.



(Example at Kochi Prefecture)

To enrich and improve children's school lives, all the students participate in the various student council activities.

Examples ...

Summer Vacation

In order to improve and develop school activities, student councils divide and lead activities within the school, such as beautifying the school environment, broadcasting school life programs, and managing the library work, as well as partially managing school events.



Thinking about the importance of peace and human rights

(Example at Aimi Elementary School, Nanbu Town)

Club activities

In clubs for children with similar interests that go beyond the school grade, classroom or subject, children can deepen interaction in a mixed-age group and pursue common interests and pastimes.

Examples Volleyball club, Cooking club, Computer club, Brass band club, Basketball club, Science club

4. Outings and overnight trips School trips Group overnight trips, etc.

5. Work and volunteer events Volunteer activities, etc.

Spring Graduatior Ceremon

Closing Ceremon



Winter Vacation

Spring Vacation (Example at Sakai Elementary School, Chikuhoku Village)

OMinistry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology-

Teachers

Teachers play a significant role in the well-rounded education in Japan. A notable feature of teachers in Japan is that they take care of students in an overall fashion. They teach subjects, provide student guidance, supervise club activities and support various school events. To assure the guality and ability of teachers, training and development are provided throughout their careers.



Initial teacher education

In general, prospective teachers must complete teacher training courses at universities or colleges to acquire the relevant teaching certificates.

Employment

Boards of education assess teacher candidates through a selection process consisting of exams, interviews and demonstration lessons, to employ eligible teachers.

Training and development

Boards of education provide training and development courses to teachers according to their career stage and experience. Also, teachers should renew their certificates every 10 years by taking courses at universities or colleges.

Sidebar: Lesson Study

Lesson Study is a key method of Japanese educational culture to enhance teachers' teaching skills. Teachers observe each other's classes, analyzing the lesson plans and outcomes. After the observation, they discuss the effects and issues of the lesson. Throughout the lesson study, teachers can improve their lessons and build productive relationships with each other.



Schools existing within the community





iverse programs by ocal residents

Kodaira City runs programs of Shinagawa Ward has local interaction with local residents after-school and during recesses.

Partnering with sports organizations

Hamakawa Elementary School, Shinagawa Ward, has a partnership agreement with organizations in the League to teach children the joy of sports.





"School Management Council System" Aiming for social inclusion

Utilizing Community School

Mitsuke Special Needs School, Mitsuke City, has organizations involved with children with disabilities and schools hold careful deliberations and collaborations, with a focus on discussing how to run schools with the aim of realizing a society of inclusion. The school also builds visible networks.



Guest teacher classes

Higashi Elementary School, Hadano City, invites local residents to teach the history of the area in which the students live.



Learning support from local residents

residents providing after-school learning support programs.



Saturday experiential activities

Nishio City implements Saturday programs at local community centers such as sado (chado) tea ceremony, with local residents serving as instructors at Kodomo Daigaku (Child University).





Partnerships between teachers, and local residents

Joetsu City has permanent community coordinators to connect schools with the local communities and even a community partnership room inside the schools. The coordinators give advice to teachers on school educational activities in partnership with local communities.

Schools existing within the community

Who we are

EDU-Port Japan is a "Public-Private Collaborative Platform" comprising relevant Japanese government ministries and agencies, universities/institutions, and private companies that was established to disseminate Japanese-style education and promote collaboration in education.

Please Visit our Website





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